

## On the $\sigma_2$ -curvature and applications

Maria de Andrade Costa e Silva <sup>1</sup> (maria@mat.ufs.br)

UFS/UFMG

**Abstract.** Given a Riemannian manifold  $(M^n, g)$ , the  $\sigma_2$ -curvature is defined by

$$\sigma_2 = -\frac{1}{2}|Ric_g|^2 + \frac{n}{8(n-1)}R_g^2.$$

In this talk, we define a symmetric 2-tensor canonically associated to the  $\sigma_2$  curvature, then we introduce the notion of  $\sigma_2$ -singular space and under certain hypotheses we prove a rigidity result<sup>2</sup>. After, we give a necessary and sufficient condition for a CPE metric to be Einstein in terms of  $\sigma_2$ -singular spaces. Such a result improves our understanding about CPE metrics and Besse's conjecture with a new geometric point of view. Finally, we present an almost-Schur lemma for symmetric  $(2, 0)$ -tensors on a compact Riemannian manifold of nonnegative Ricci curvature with totally geodesic boundary.

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